



**SAFEGUARDING CHILDREN IN EDUCATION:
PROCEDURE FOR MANAGING ALLEGATIONS
AGAINST STAFF IN SCHOOLS (INCLUDING
HEADTEACHERS)**

This procedure has been agreed by the following professional associations/
trade unions representing teachers/headteachers and support staff in
schools:

National Union of Teachers
National Association of Schoolmasters Union of Women Teachers
Association of Teachers and Lecturers
National Association of Headteachers
Association of School and College Leaders
Unison
GMB

It is also approved by the Shropshire Safeguarding Children's Board (SSCB)

Revised February 2007

INTRODUCTION

This procedure has been produced in response to the document "Safeguarding Children in Education : Dealing with Allegations of Abuse Against Teachers and Other Staff" (DfES, November 2005).

The procedure closely follows the issued guidelines in seeking to manage cases of allegations that might indicate that a person is unsuitable to continue to work with children in their present position, or in any capacity. It should be used in respect of all cases in which it is alleged that any member of staff in a school (including a volunteer) has:

behaved in a way that has harmed a child, or may have harmed a child,
possibly committed a criminal offence against or related to a child;
or,
behaved towards a child or children in a way that indicates he or she is unsuitable to work with children.

Reference to the term 'abuse' within this procedure means any alleged action which is covered by these criteria.

Cases where an allegation is made against a member of staff need to be managed with the exercise of careful judgement. This procedure recognises the need for the school to work closely with the Local Authority and the importance of the initial contact and consultation with a nominated LA Officer in the event of any allegation being made cannot be emphasised too greatly.

Definitions

The procedure adopts the following definitions:

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| Designated Teacher: | The senior member of the teaching staff of a school with specific responsibility for co-ordinating action within the school and for liaising with the Social Care and Safeguards' Initial Assessment Team over suspected child abuse. |
| Designated LA Officer: | The nominated officer with the Local Authority with responsibility for oversight of the procedures for dealing with allegations; for resolving inter-agency issues, and for liaison with the Shropshire Safeguarding Children Board (SSCB) |
| "Working Together" | "Working Together to Safeguard Children 2006: A guide to interagency working to safeguard and promote the welfare of children (HM Government 2006) |

ALLEGATIONS AGAINST STAFF IN SCHOOLS: PROCEDURE

PROCEDURE

1. Action on receipt of an allegation

- 1.1 Pupils who report that they have been abused by a member of staff must be listened to whatever form their attempts to communicate their worries takes. On no account should suggestions be made to pupils as to alternative explanations for their worries. A written, dated record must be made of the allegations as soon as practicable (**and in any case within 24 hours**) by the member of staff receiving them which is signed and dated. This must record any information about times, dates, locations and names of potential witnesses. In cases where the allegation is not made by the pupil but by a parent or carer then the details must be similarly recorded.
- 1.2 Staff cannot promise total confidentiality to pupils who make allegations. A member of staff hearing an allegation against another should inform the pupil of the need to give consideration to their allegation and to take action as required by this procedure.
- 1.3 Where a pupil says they do not wish to take the matter further, consideration should be given to the age and understanding of the pupil and whether the pupil or others may be at risk of harm. The member of staff should discuss the matter with the Designated Teacher and the Headteacher (and no other person). A nominated contact officer of the Local Authority (see 1.5 below) should be consulted if there is any doubt as to how to proceed.
- 1.4 Where it is the Headteacher who is the subject of the allegation or concern, the member of staff should discuss the matter with the Designated Teacher or, where the Headteacher is the Designated Teacher, with the next most senior available member of staff. A nominated contact officer of the Local Authority (see 1.5 below) should be consulted if there is any doubt as to how to proceed.
- 1.5 The Headteacher, or where the Headteacher is the subject of the allegation or concern the next most senior member of staff, must send a copy of the recorded allegation, referred to at 1.1 above, marked Private and Confidential to an LA Officer acting as the point of contact within 24 hours of receiving the allegation. The LA Officer will contact the school on receipt of the report to discuss the steps to be taken including, where relevant, steps at paragraph 14 below.

The nominated LA Officers acting as the initial point of contact are:

Lorraine Edwards (HR Officer)	(01743) 254412
Michele Leith (HR Officer)	(01743) 254402
Stuart Waters (HR Officer)	(01743) 254549

- 1.6 Where the member of staff against whom the allegation is made is employed not directly by the school but centrally by the Local Authority, the individual receiving the allegation must still act in accordance with the paragraphs above in order that the matter is brought to the attention of the Head of Service.

2. Urgent initial consideration of whether there is substance in an allegation

- 2.1 Where following the consideration in 1.0 above, it is decided there is sufficient substance in an allegation to warrant an investigation, the LA Officer will liaise with the Social Care and Safeguard's Initial Assessment Team. He/she will also report the

allegation to the Designated LA Officer and, where the Headteacher is the subject of the allegation or concern, to the Chair of Governors.

(Note: The immediate priority will be to determine whether a pupil or pupils are at risk of harm and in need of protection. Any action taken to establish the nature of the allegation and whether it should be investigated should be undertaken in a way which does not prejudice any subsequent action. In particular, there must be no interference with evidence. It is important to recognise that establishing whether an allegation warrants further investigation is not to form a view on whether the allegation is to be believed. **A Headteacher is not expected to investigate the allegation itself, or interview pupils, but to consider, with the LA, whether the allegation requires further investigation.** Only if the allegation was demonstrably false or unfounded, would a further investigation *not* be warranted.)

2.2 Subject to the above and in the light of the information available at this stage, the Initial Assessment Team will give consideration to whether to investigate under local child protection procedures. This consideration may involve initial discussion with other child protection agencies. There will be one of four possible outcomes of that consideration.

(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
The seriousness of the allegation or concern warrants an immediate referral under the local child protection procedure.	There is reason to suppose abuse could have occurred and that referral under the local child protection procedure or under internal disciplinary procedures may be necessary.	That the allegation was prompted by inappropriate behaviour by the member of staff (which may need to be considered under local disciplinary procedures) but there is no evidence of child abuse.	That the allegation appears to be without foundation.

3. **Allegations which call for referral to Child Protection Agencies**

3.1 Where there is a referral to local child protection agencies, resulting from the outcomes at (i) or (ii) in paragraph 2.2, a joint strategy meeting will normally be convened in accordance with the "Working Together to Safeguard Children" Document. This meeting will be called as a matter of urgency and involve some or all of the following:

- The member of staff who received the allegation
- The Designated Teacher for Child Protection (as necessary if other than the Headteacher)
- The Headteacher
- The Designated LA Officer (where felt to be appropriate)
- The LA Officer acting as nominated contact under this procedure
- Representative (s) of the Initial Assessment Team
- Representative(s) of the Police

3.2 The joint strategy discussion/meeting will consider whether any other children are likely to be or have been at risk in the light of the allegation and whether it may be necessary to review any previous allegations made against the member of staff or to consider interviewing any other children including former pupils of the school. Where the allegation relates to physical contact the discussion will take account of DfES guidance on the powers of school staff to use reasonable force to control or restrain pupils in certain circumstances*.

(*NB DfES Circular 10/98 'Section 550A of the Education Act 1996: The Use of force to Control or Restrain Pupils' refers. It provides guidance on the powers of teachers and other staff who have lawful control or charge of pupils, to use reasonable force to prevent pupils committing a crime; causing injury or damage; or causing disruption.)

- 3.3 An important additional issue for the strategy discussion/meeting is the welfare of the member of staff against whom an allegation has been made, balancing the interests of the investigation and the need to protect pupils with the need to minimise the stress to a person who may be the subject of a false, malicious or misplaced allegation.

4. Police Involvement

- 4.1 In some cases the police might wish to interview the member of staff against whom the allegation is made as an investigation of a possible criminal offence. The police may act independently of the school, particularly where the alleged offence is unconnected with the member of staff's professional life. Police officers should be given every assistance with their enquiries but confidentiality about the enquiries should be maintained in the interests of the member of staff.

5. Notification of Interested Persons

- 5.1 The parents or carers of a pupil who has made or is the subject of an allegation, if they do not already know of it, should be made aware of the allegation as soon as possible. The Headteacher, or next most senior member of staff where an allegation is against the Headteacher, should on reporting the allegation discuss with the LA's nominated contact officer how and of what information parents/carers should be informed. The LA Officer may need to discuss this with representatives of the child protection agencies prior to giving advice. In some cases, however, such as where a pupil has suffered an injury, parents/carers may need to be notified immediately.
- 5.2 Where a joint strategy meeting is held the question of whether any investigation would be hindered by an approach to or communication with parties at an early stage should be discussed. The Headteacher, or next most senior member of staff, in consultation with the LA and child protection agencies must determine a communication strategy before contacting any parties. Subject to there being no objection the Headteacher, or next most senior member of staff, should:
- (a) inform the pupil, pupils or parent(s) making the allegation and explain the likely course of action;
 - (b) ensure that the parents of the pupil or pupils who are the subject of the allegation are informed of the likely course of action;
 - (c) inform the member of staff against whom the allegation is made and explain the likely course of action;
 - (d) inform the Chair of Governors of the school.

A written record of these factual matters should be made.

- 5.3 Where there is an objection, such as by the Police, to the Headteacher, or next most senior member of staff, acting in accordance with (a) - (d) above, he/she should be informed accordingly and arrangements made to keep him/her informed of progress.

6. Considering whether suspension is appropriate

- 6.1 In some cases the Headteacher, or Chair of Governors where an allegation has been made against the Headteacher, will need to give consideration to the question of suspension but he/she should not automatically suspend or recommend suspension of a member of staff against whom an allegation is made.
- 6.2 Suspension is not in itself a disciplinary sanction though it should not be undertaken without good reason. **Circumstances in which suspension properly occurs include:**
- (i) **Where there is cause to suspect that a pupil or pupils are at risk of serious harm.**
 - (ii) **Where the allegations are so serious that dismissal for gross misconduct is a possible outcome.**
 - (iii) **Where a suspension is necessary to allow the conduct of the investigation to proceed unimpeded.**
- 6.3 In a case of a serious allegation requiring immediate referral to the Child Protection Agencies, immediate suspension is likely. In other cases suspension may or may not be appropriate. Consideration may be given to whether the purpose of any suspension may be achieved by other arrangements, e.g. a temporary transfer to alternative work within the school. In consultation with the LA, the Headteacher or Chair of Governors should consider any recommendation which may be made as a result of any joint strategy discussion/meeting before a decision to suspend is taken. (Note: Suspension may be considered at any stage of an investigation).

7. An Interview to consider suspension

- 7.1 Where the suspension of a member of staff is being considered, an interview should be arranged. The Headteacher, or Chair of Governors where an allegation has been made against the Headteacher, should consult with and seek advice from the contact officer of the LA. Where the Headteacher is considering the suspension of a member of staff he/she will consult with the Chair of Governors. (Note: Where the member of staff is a trade union or safety representative, the interview should not be arranged without prior discussion with the relevant branch secretary or a full-time official of the trade union concerned).
- 7.2 Where the police are involved in a criminal investigation any interview where suspension is to be considered, should not be arranged without prior consultation with an appropriate Police Officer. Where there is no police involvement, an interview should be arranged in accordance with the following procedures.
- 7.3 The member of staff called to an interview where suspension is a possible outcome should be provided with a copy of this procedure and advised to seek the advice and assistance of their trade union or professional association. He/she should be offered the opportunity to have a trade union or professional association representative attend the meeting. If the representative is not however available then the meeting should not be unduly postponed (it is considered that it would not be unreasonable to postpone the meeting so as to allow for the attendance of a representative provided that this would be for a period of **no more than one working day**). A member of staff who is not a member of a trade union or professional association may be assisted by a friend/person of their choice.
- 7.4 Prior to the meeting, the member of staff, where being accompanied, should be offered the opportunity of a brief meeting with the representative or friend. It should be made clear that the interview is not a formal disciplinary hearing but is for the

purpose of putting forward a serious allegation or matter which may lead to suspension and further investigation.

- 7.5 The member of staff should be informed at the outset of the interview that an allegation has been made and that, at the conclusion of the interview, suspension might occur. He/she should be given as much information, including reasons for any proposed suspension, as is consistent with not interfering with an investigation about the allegation. The member of staff should be given an opportunity to make representations concerning the suspension. A brief adjournment should be offered to the member of staff prior to his/her response.
- 7.6 If, as a result of the interview, it is considered that suspension is necessary along with a full investigation of the allegation, the member of staff should be advised that they are suspended from duty. Written confirmation of the suspension should be dispatched **within one working day**, giving reason for the suspension and the conditions with which the member of staff must comply.

8. After a decision to suspend pending investigation

- 8.1 It should be reported to the Governing Body that a member of staff has been suspended pending investigation. It is advisable to provide no more than the minimum information necessary to the Governing Body, as more than this would prejudice governors' impartiality in any subsequent hearing or appeal in disciplinary proceedings.
- 8.2 Members of the school's leadership group and/or other staff who need to know of the reason for the suspension should be informed so far as necessary in the particular circumstances.
- 8.3 The Headteacher, or Chair of Governors in the event of the Headteacher's suspension, should take a decision on informing other staff in the school of the suspension. The Headteacher, or Chair of Governors in the event of the Headteacher's suspension, should consider the extent to which it is necessary to make a statement to parents of pupils in the school, having considered the need to avoid unwelcome publicity.
- 8.4 In certain circumstances, it may be necessary for the Headteacher, or Chair of Governors, to provide immediate reassurance to parents and pupils in the school and there may be a need for information to continue to be provided during the course of an investigation to parents, pupils and other colleagues.
- 8.5 The Headteacher, or Chair of Governors, should consider carefully, and keep under review, decisions as to who is informed of the suspension and investigation and to what extent confidentiality can or should be maintained, according to the circumstances of a particular case. In a situation where a matter becomes common knowledge or the subject of general gossip, it may be desirable to provide an accurate statement for public information. Advice from a senior LA officer should be taken on this matter and those covered under paragraphs 8.3, 8.4 and 8.5 as necessary.

9. Support for the member of staff during the period of suspension

- 9.1 The suspended member of staff should be given the name of an LA officer as a point of contact. The main role of this contact is to provide information as to the progress of the investigation. Social contact with colleagues and friends at the school should not be precluded except where it is likely to be prejudicial to the gathering and presentation of evidence.

- 9.2 Although it is the aim that all investigations should be conducted as speedily as possible, consistent with establishing the full facts, arrangements should be made for the member of staff, or their representative, to be contacted regularly with information on progress and development on the case. These arrangements should not preclude the member of staff, or their representative, contacting those conducting the investigation at any time.
- 9.3 A school contact should also be nominated and be in a position to provide the member of staff with information about developments at the school in general, according to the needs and wishes of the member of staff to be kept informed.
- 9.4 In some cases, it may be appropriate to ask the member of staff whether welfare counselling or the support of the LA's Occupational Health Unit would be helpful, or to respond to a request of the member of staff for such further support.

10. Support for others concerned

- 10.1 Support will be needed for the pupil or pupils making the allegations and their parents. Consideration should be given by the relevant agencies to the form such support should take in the light of the circumstances. Consideration should also be given to what support may be needed for others at the school, both staff and pupils, according to the circumstances of the alleged abuse. In some cases, therapeutic counselling from expert sources may be necessary. Advice on this can be obtained via the Shropshire Safeguarding Children's Board.

11. Investigations

- 11.1 There are two possible types of investigation which may occur:
- (i) by the Police or by the Police and the Social Care and Safeguards' Initial Assessment Team (joint investigation), under local child protection procedures
 - (ii) at school level under the agreed disciplinary procedures.
- 11.2 Any investigation under the agreed disciplinary procedures should be clearly separated from child protection investigations. Whilst the disciplinary investigation may be informed by child protection investigations and in some circumstances the child protection agencies might decide to make a recommendation about suspension or other protective action as a result of the strategy discussion/meeting, the child protection process has different objectives from any disciplinary procedure and the two should not be confused. Decisions as to suspensions and/or disciplinary action are for the Headteacher/Chair of Governors.
- 11.3 Any investigation by the police or child protection agencies will take priority over an internal investigation by the school or by the LA on the school's behalf. An internal investigation running alongside that of the police or child protection agencies is not likely to be good practice and should be held in abeyance pending the completion of the external investigation.
- 11.4 An investigation at school level may be undertaken on completion of an investigation by the police/child protection agencies. Alternatively the investigation may be undertaken after a decision not to refer an allegation under local child protection procedures. Where it is decided not to refer an allegation under local child protection procedures following consultation as described in paragraph 2, a decision on whether there is to be an internal school level investigation will be required. In either case the investigation will be conducted in accordance with the guidelines at Appendix II of this procedure. Where possible the person undertaking the investigation should aim

to provide a report **within 10 working days** of its completion. If further evidence comes to light during the course of the investigation, then it will be considered whether a referral back to the child protection agencies is appropriate.

12. Where no action is taken to suspend

- 12.1 The Headteacher, or Chair of Governors where the Headteacher has been the subject of an allegation, should explain to the member of staff the circumstances which led to consideration of suspension and further explain any follow-up action which it is proposed to take. The member of staff may be accompanied by a trade union representative or friend. According to the circumstances of the case, appropriate assistance or advice may be offered. It should be established what support, if any, is required and advice from a senior LA officer, where appropriate, should be sought. According to circumstances, appropriate counselling services should be considered.
- 12.2 If a member of staff has not been suspended but there are nonetheless concerns about aspects of their conduct, a full investigation should be undertaken under the guidelines in Appendix II before making a decision about further action under disciplinary procedures.

13. Outcome of Internal Investigation under Disciplinary Procedures

- 13.1 At the end of the investigation a meeting should be arranged to inform the member of staff of the next steps. They may be accompanied or represented by a union representative or friend.
- 13.2 If the outcome is to consider the member of staff's conduct at a formal disciplinary interview then this will be called and conducted in accordance with the school's disciplinary procedures, and will happen after the child protection enquiries. Where a decision is taken to hold a formal disciplinary interview this should be held as soon as possible, allowing for the notice requirements of the procedure. The aim should be to hold the interview **within 15 working days** of taking the decision.
- 13.3 If the member of staff has been suspended and it is not intended to proceed with any form of disciplinary interview, the suspension should be lifted immediately by the Governing Body (this may be the Chair of Governors acting under "emergency powers"). The Headteacher, or Chair of Governors where the allegation has been made against the Headteacher, should meet the member of staff to discuss with them how the return to work may best be managed.
- 13.4 Other than in the event of dismissal, the Headteacher or Chair of Governors should provide the opportunity for informal counselling. This could be used to give appropriate guidance, support and reassurance and to help rebuild confidence where necessary. There may also be a need for specific guidance and sympathetic consideration may need to be given to other employment options, in consultation with the Local Authority.
- 13.5 On the conclusion of any investigation and any related disciplinary proceedings, the pupil or pupils who made the allegations and their parents should be informed of the outcome of the proceedings. This should be prior to the member of staff's return to school if they have been suspended. In some circumstances, consideration should be given to the broader disclosure of details of the outcome, together with reasons, for example where the issues are of general importance, have become common knowledge or have been the subject of general gossip and there is a need to provide accurate details for public information. The Authority's Public Relations Unit will be able to offer appropriate advice.

13.6 Appropriate counselling and support should be offered to the pupil or pupils who made the allegations and, where appropriate, their parents. This should be by the time the member of staff returns to school. In particular, this should take into account a pupil's special needs where a false or malicious allegation has been made.

14. Where, following the initial consideration, the Headteacher believes that the allegation is without foundation, he or she should in conjunction with the LA

- (i) consider whether the pupil might have been abused by someone else and whether a referral should be made to the police, the Social Care and Safeguards' Initial Assessment Team or the NSPCC under child protection procedures;
- (ii) inform the member of staff of the allegation and the fact that no further action is to be taken under disciplinary or child protection procedures. The member of staff may be accompanied by a trade union representative or friend;
- (iii) consider whether counselling and/or informal professional advice is appropriate and the form either might take;
- (iv) inform the parents of the pupil or pupils of the allegation and the outcome;
- (v) consider appropriate counselling and support for the pupil or pupils who made the allegation(s) and, where appropriate, their parents; in particular, take into account a pupil's special needs where a false or malicious allegation seems to have been made;
- (vi) prepare a report, embodying (i) - (v) above and giving reasons for the conclusion that the allegation is without foundation.

15. Records

- 15.1 Documents relating to an investigation must be retained, together with a written record of the outcome of the investigation and, where disciplinary action has been taken, retained on the member of staff's personal and confidential file in accordance with the school's disciplinary procedures. It is important that this documentation provides a clear and comprehensive summary of the allegation made, how the allegation was followed up and resolved and the resulting action taken.
- 15.2 If the member of staff is dismissed, or resigns before a disciplinary process is completed, the Headteacher should inform the member of staff about the employer's statutory duty to report the case to the Department for Education and Skills' Children's Safeguarding Operations Unit for consideration by the Secretary of State.
- 15.3 Where a pupil has made an allegation, a copy of the statement or the record made of it should be kept on the section of a pupil's personal file which is not open to disclosure, together with a written record of the outcome of the investigation. If there are criminal or civil proceedings, records may be subject to disclosure and therefore no assurances can be given of confidentiality.
- 15.4 Through the LA Designated Officer the Local Authority has a responsibility for the oversight of procedures for dealing with allegations against members of staff in its schools as well as for resolving any inter-agency issues and for liaison with the Shropshire Safeguarding Children Board. LA Officers involved in the management or oversight of individual cases will retain such confidential records as necessary for reporting to the LA Designated Officer.

16. Arrangements for Review

At the conclusion of a case the Headteacher and/or the LA should consider the circumstances of the case and whether there are any general matters arising from it which should be brought to the attention of managers within Children and Young People's Services or of the SSCB as perhaps warranting a review of local policy or procedures. Any training needs for teachers or other staff should also be considered as part of such a review. The publication of any such information to managers or the SSCB should preserve confidentiality about the member of staff and pupils involved in the investigation.

17. Appendices to this Procedure

The following appendices have been produced in order to support the operation of this procedure.

- Appendix I - a flow chart of the main stages of the procedure
- Appendix II - guidance on the procedures for investigating allegations prior to consideration of disciplinary action.
- Appendix III - an example 'contacts' sheet which can be adapted for a school's use. It is recommended that an adapted sheet is placed where it can be referred to by staff.

**SAFEGUARDING CHILDREN IN EDUCATION
PROCEDURE WHERE SCHOOL STAFF FACE AN
ALLEGATION: SUMMARY OF STAGES**

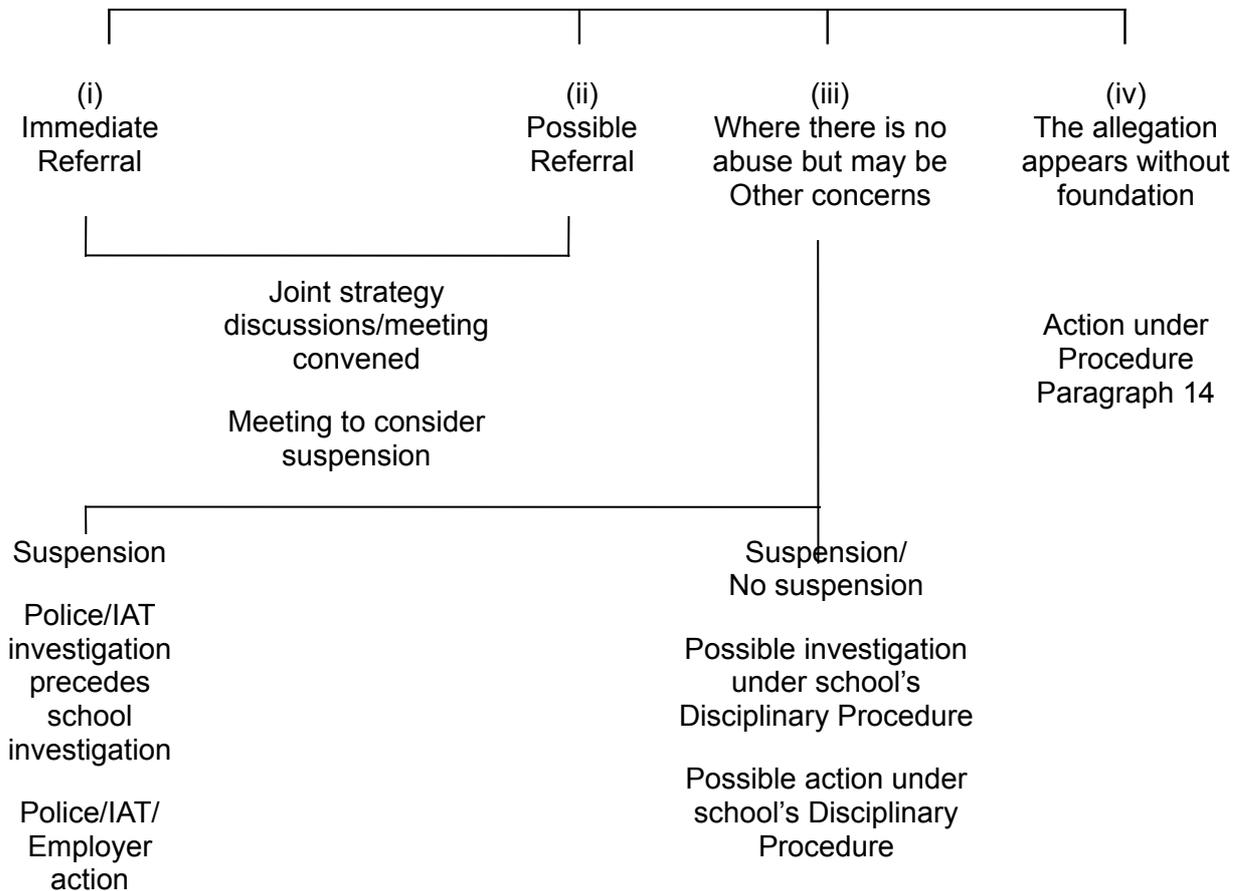
Child reports allegation of abuse to a member of staff

Member of staff receiving allegation provides a written record consulting with the Designated Teacher and Headteacher

Report is sent to a nominated LA Officer within 24 hours

Where action is to be taken, a nominated LA Officer consults the Social Care and Safeguards' Initial Assessment Team (IAT) as necessary.

Outcome of consideration by IAT



INVESTIGATIVE PROCEDURES PRIOR TO CONSIDERING DISCIPLINARY ACTION - GUIDANCE

1. The following guidelines relate to the investigation of an allegation or a concern by the school, or the Local Authority acting on behalf of the school, prior to consideration of any action under the agreed disciplinary procedure. Where the concern or allegation is subject to investigation by the Police and/or the Initial Assessment Team under child protection procedures, then a school's internal investigation will only be undertaken once the investigation under child protection procedures has been completed.
2. The aim of an investigation is to obtain, as far as possible, relevant evidence and information and to reflect this within a fair and balanced report. The aim is not to prove or disprove an allegation. The investigation is a fact finding exercise and is preliminary to considering the appropriateness of disciplinary action.
3. Undertakings of confidentiality should not be given to either a person making allegations or those interviewed. Evidence compiled in the investigation should be made available to the parties in any subsequent disciplinary proceedings and those giving evidence in the investigation should be so informed.
4. Where a case has been the subject of an investigation under child protection procedures all relevant information, including copies of statements taken by the Police, should be requested. Provision of this information will enable a judgement to be made on whether pupils or parents who have made allegations should be further interviewed. Where it is considered that the pupil(s) or parent(s) should be further interviewed as part of the internal investigation then their accounts should be recorded in the form of signed and dated statements. Consideration should be given to whether pupils should be interviewed in the presence of a parent.
5. **Preliminary Stages**
 - 5.1 The person undertaking the investigation should seek specialist advice as necessary, for example from the LA, and should familiarise him/herself with any relevant procedures and guidelines.
 - 5.2 The person investigating should:
 - collate all available information from the relevant agencies where an investigation under child protection procedures has been undertaken
 - define areas to be investigated
 - draw up a provisional list of those to be interviewed and a list of topics to be discussed during the investigation
 - check corroborative evidence
 - assess the credibility of the person making the allegation.
6. **The Investigation Process**
 - 6.1 Interviews should be carried out as soon as possible. A statement should be taken from each person, signed and dated. The person carrying out the investigation should have access to assistance as necessary to make the record. A suitable venue and time should be selected to encourage co-operation and the opportunity to

be accompanied should be offered. At the beginning of an interview, a general explanation of the purpose of the investigation should be provided.

- 6.2 If, at any stage during the investigation, new evidence emerges which makes a referral necessary under local child protection procedures or to the police, the investigation should be held in abeyance immediately following such a referral. If the member of staff is not at the time suspended, then consideration should also be given as to whether suspension is now appropriate in the light of such circumstances.

7. Interviewing the Member of Staff who is the Subject of an Allegation

- 7.1 The point at which this occurs will depend upon the nature of the allegation and the investigation process. The member of staff will normally be interviewed even where they have already been interviewed as part of a child protection investigation.
- 7.2 The member of staff should be informed of his/her rights under the school's disciplinary procedure, including the right to have a representative or other person of his/her choice attend the interview.
- 7.3 The member of staff should be informed of the allegation and invited to respond and to make a statement. The member of staff has the right either to respond or decline to respond.
- 7.4 Full notes should be taken of the interview and the member of staff invited to read and sign them as a true record after the interview. (A copy of the notes will be given to the member of staff.)
- 7.5 The member of staff should be invited to identify any persons who may have information relevant to the investigation. These names should be added to the list of those to be interviewed.

8. Compiling a Report

- 8.1 Once all the relevant persons have been interviewed and all the relevant issues have been explored, the investigation is complete. The details obtained and the statements taken should then be compiled into a report reflecting the aim of the investigation as described in 2 above.
- 8.2 Consideration should again be given as to whether there are matters which have not been considered under child protection procedures and which should be referred. If there is such a referral, further proceedings at school level should be held in abeyance.

9. Subsequent Action

On receipt of the report the Headteacher, or Chair of Governors where the Headteacher is the subject of the allegation, will consult with an appropriate LA Officer. A decision will need to be taken at this stage on whether further action should be taken, including the possible consideration of the report at a formal interview conducted under disciplinary proceedings. If a formal disciplinary interview is to be held, reference should be made to the school's disciplinary procedure.

**SAFEGUARDING CHILDREN IN EDUCATION:
ALLEGATIONS AGAINST STAFF IN SCHOOLS**

All concerns about abuse should be reported to the Designated Teacher with responsibility for child protection matters who is

(name of Designated Teacher)

If this is not possible because of absence or because the concerns relate to the Designated Teacher the concerns should be referred to

(name of member of staff with this delegated responsibility)

Where a concern or an allegation arises in relation to a member of staff within the school, contact should be made with one of the following nominated Human Resources Officers with the LA.

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| 1. | Michele Leith | 01743 254402 |
| 2. | Stuart Waters | 01743 254549 |
| 3. | Lorraine Edwards | 01743 254412 |

Child protection allegations outside the school are covered by the Shropshire Safeguarding Children's Board.

Child Protection Procedures are held by the Designated Teacher within the school.

Procedures where concerns or allegations relate to school staff are set out in the Personnel Handbook for Schools which is available to staff in the school.

The office of the Initial Assessment Team of the Social Care and Safeguards Team (Children and Young People's Services) which deals with school issues is located at Besford House, Belle Vue, Shrewsbury – Telephone 01743 253600.

If having raised a concern you do not feel appropriate action has been taken you may contact the County Council's Standards Hotline: 01743 252000.